

**RIH – PEDI NC ABDOMEN/PELVIS FOR RENAL STONE
SIEMENS DEFINITION AS20 PROTOCOL**

Indications: Evaluation for renal/ureteral calculi.

Position/Landmark	Head first or feet first-Supine Sternal Notch				
Topogram Direction	Craniocaudal / Craniocaudal				
Respiratory Phase	Inspiration				
Scan Type	Helical				
Ref kV/Ref mAs/Rotation time (sec) Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation) Safire Strength / Dose Optimization	Care kV 100 / Care Dose4D 180 / 0.5 sec .8:1 , 16.00mm 3 / 4				
Detector width x Rows = Beam Collimation	1.25mm x 16 = 20mm				
Average Tube Output	ctdi – 8.0mGy dlp – 470 mGy.cm				
Helical Set Slice Thickness/ Spacing Algorithm Recon Destination	recon	body part	thickness/ spacing	algorithm	recon destination .
	1	nc renal stone	5mm x 5mm	I40f medium	pacs
	2	coronal nc abd/pelvis	5mm x 5mm	I40f medium	pacs
	3	sagittal nc abd/pelvis	3mm x 3mm	I40f medium	pacs
	4	thin abd/pelvis	1.5mm x 1mm	I40f medium	terarecon
Scan Start / End Locations	1 cm superior to diaphragm lesser trochanters				
DFOV	38cm decrease appropriately				
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate					
Scan Delay					
2D/3D Technique Used	Workstream 4D mpr of 3mm x 3mm coronal and sagittal abdomen/pelvis series, auto-transferred to PACS.				
Comments: This protocol uses a lower reference mAs and is specifically used for the detection of gu calculi. Recon 4 is a thin helical volume of the abdomen/pelvis that is archived to the TeraRecon server.					
Images required in PACS	Topograms, 3mm x 3mm axial abdomen/pelvis, 3mm x 3mm coronal abdomen/pelvis, 3mm x 3mm sagittal abdomen/pelvis, Patient Protocol				