RIH – HIP/ACETABULUM SIEMENS DEFINITION AS20 PROTOCOL

Indication: trauma, fracture, dislocation, abscess

Position/Landmark	Head first or feet first-Supine					
Topogram Direction	2cm superior to Iliac Crest Craniocaudal / Craniocaudal					
Respiratory Phase	Inspiration					
Scan Type		Helical				
Ref kV/Ref mAs/Rotation time (sec) Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation) Safire Strength / Dose Optimization	Care kV 120 / Care Dose4D 210 / 1 sec .8:1 , 10.00mm 3 / 4					
Detector width x Rows = Beam Collimation		0.625mm x 20 = 12.5mm				
Average Tube Output		ctdi – 10.0mGy dlp – 280mGy.cm				
Helical Set Slice Thickness/ Spacing Algorithm	reco		thickness/ spacing	algorithm	recon destination .	
Recon Destination	2 3	coronal pelvis coronal oblique hip sagittal oblique hip	 5 5mm x 5mm 3mm x 3mm 3mm x 3mm 3mm x 3mm 3mm x 3mm .75mm x .7mm 	I40s medium I70h very sharp I70h very sharp I70h very sharp I70h very sharp I70h very sharp	pacs pacs pacs pacs pacs terarecon	
Scan Start / End Locations		6 thin pelvis .75mm x .7mm 170h very sharp terarecon 2cm superior to iliac crest lesser trochanters				
DFOV		38cm decrease appropriately				
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate						
Scan Delay		-				
2D/3D Technique Used	Workstream 4D mpr of 3mm x 3mm coronal pelvis series, auto-transferred to PACS. Workstream 4D mpr sagittal and coronal unilateral hip reformats , 3.0mm x 3.0mm, auto-transferred to PACS					
Comments: Recon 4 is a thin helica	l volur	me of the pelvis that is a	rchived to the Te	raRecon server.		
Images required in PACS	Topograms, 5mm x 5mm axial soft tissue pelvis, 3mm x 3mm axial bony pelvis, 3mm x 3mm coronal pelvis, 3mm x 3mm coronal and sagittal oblique hip, Patient Protocol					