RIH – CTA FOR AORTIC DISSECTION GE LIGHTSPEED VCT PROTOCOL

Indications: Suspicion for aortic dissection

Position/Landmark		Head first or feet first-Supine				
	Sternal Notch					
Topogram Direction		Craniocaudal				
Respiratory Phase	Inspiration					
Scan Type	Helical					
KV / mA / Rotation time (sec)	120kv / smart mA (120-450) / 0.5 sec					
Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation)	0.984:1 , 39.37mm					
Noise Index / ASiR / Dose Reduction	16.0 / 70 / 30%					
Detector width x Rows = Beam Collimation	0.625mm x $64 = 40$ mm					
Average Tube Output	ctdi – 9 mGy					
	dlp – 623 mGy.cm					
Helical Set		body	thickness/		recon	
Slice Thickness/ Spacing	recon	÷	spacing	algorithm	destination .	
Algorithm	1	arterial aorta	2.5mm x 2.5mm	standard	pacs	
Recon Destination		thin chest/abdomen	.6mm x .6mm	standard	for dmpr	
	3	lungs	5mm x 5mm	lung	pacs	
Scan Start / End Locations	1cm superior to lung apices					
	through aortic bifurcation (level of S1)					
DFOV			• •			
	38cm					
	decrease appropriately					
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate	100mL Iohexol (Omnipaque 350) / 4mL per second					
Scan Delay	Smart Prep at descending thoracic aorta at level of carina					
2D/3D Technique Used	DMPR of 5mm x 5mm coronal chest/abdomen series (auto-batch on), 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique aorta series (auto-batch off), average mode, auto-transferred to PACS.					
Comments: Recon 2 is a single thin h is $+100$ HU.	elical g	group of the chest and	d abdomen for direct	t mpr. The smar	t prep threshold	
Images required in PACS	Scouts, 2.5mm x 2.5mm axial arterial chest abdomen, 5mm x 5mm coronal chest and abdomen, 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique aorta, 5mm x 5mm axial lungs, Dose Report					