RIH – AORTIC DISSECTION SIEMENS DEFINITION AS+ PROTOCOL

Indications: Suspicion for aortic dissection

Position/Landmark	Head first or feet first-Supine 2cm superior to shoulders					
Topogram Direction	Craniocaudal / Craniocaudal					
Respiratory Phase	Inspiration					
Scan Type	Helical					
Ref kV/Ref mAs/Rotation time (sec) Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation) Safire Strength / Dose Optimization	Care kV 120 / Care Dose4D 180 / 0.5 sec 1:1 , 24.00mm 3 / 6					
Detector width x Rows = Beam	0.625mm x $64 = 40$ mm					
Collimation	(128 x .6mm)					
Average Tube Output	ctdi – 9 mGy					
	dlp – 620 mGy.cm					
Helical Set		body	thickness/		recon	
Slice Thickness/ Spacing	recon	part	spacing	algorithm	destination .	
Algorithm	1	axial aorta	2mm x 2mm	I40f medium	pacs	
Recon Destination	2	lungs	5mm x 5mm	I70f very sharp	pacs	
	3	coronal aorta	5mm x 5mm	I40f medium	pacs	
	4	thin chest abd	.75mm x .7mm	I40f medium	terarecon	
Scan Start / End Locations	1cm superior to lung apices through aortic bifurcation (level of S1)					
DEON	38cm					
DFOV		decrease appropriately				
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate		100mL Iohexol (Omnipaque 350) / 4mL per second				
Scan Delay		Bolus Tracking at descending thoracic aorta at level of carina				
2D/3D Technique Used	Workstream 4D mpr of 5mm x 5mm coronal chest/abdomen series, auto- transferred to PACS. From the 3d card: 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique aorta series, transferred to PACS.					
Comments: Recon 4 is a thin helical	volume	of the chest and a	bdomen that is archi	ved to the TeraRec	on server.	
	Topograms, 2mm x 2mm axial arterial chest abdomen, 5mm x 5mm coronal chest and abdomen, 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique aorta, 5mm x 5mm axial lungs, Patient Protocol					