## **RIH – CT FOR AORTIC DISSECTION GE LIGHTSPEED 16 / OPTIMA CT580 PROTOCOL**

## Indications: Suspicion for aortic dissection

Position/Landmark	Head first or feet first-Supine					
	Sternal Notch					
<b>Topogram Direction</b>	Craniocaudal					
<b>Respiratory Phase</b>	Inspiration					
Scan Type	Helical					
KV / mA / Rotation time (sec)	120kv / smart mA (100-440) / 0.5 sec					
Pitch / Speed (mm/rotation)	1.375:1, 27.50mm					
Noise Index / ASiR / Dose Reduction	19.0 / 30 / 30%					
Detector width x Rows = Beam Collimation	1.25mm x 16 = 20mm					
Average Tube Output	ctdi – 11 mGy					
	dlp – 423 mGy.cm					
Helical Set		body	thickness/		recon	
Slice Thickness/ Spacing	recon	part	spacing	algorithm	destination .	
Algorithm	1 8	arterial aorta	2.5mm x 2.5mm	standard	pacs	
Recon Destination	2 th	in chest abdomen	1.25mm x .6mm	standard	for dmpr	
	3	lung	5mm x 5mm	lung	pacs	
Scan Start / End Locations	1cm superior to lung apices through aortic bifurcation					
DFOV			20			
	38cm					
	decrease appropriately					
IV Contrast Volume / Type / Rate	100cc omni 350 / 4cc per second					
Scan Delay	Smart Prep at descending thoracic aorta at level of carina					
2D/3D Technique Used	DMPR of 5mm x 5mm <b>coronal chest abdomen</b> series (auto-batch on), 2mm x 2mm <b>sagittal oblique aorta</b> , average mode, auto-transferred to PACS.					
<b>Comments:</b> The smart prep thresho			<u>, u. erage mode, u</u>			
Images required in PACS	Scouts, 2.5mm x 2.5mm axial arterial aorta, 5mm x 5mm coronal					
-	chest/a	chest/abdomen, 2mm x 2mm sagittal oblique aorta, 5mm x 5mm axial lungs, Dose Report				